

TFT COLOR LCD MODULE

NLB150XG02L-01BA

38cm (15.0 Type) XGA LVDS interface (1port)





DOD-PP-3130 (2nd edition)

This DATA SHEET is updated document from DOD-PP-2496(1)

All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system



INTRODUCTION

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Examples: Vehicle/train/ship control system, traffic signals system, traffic information control system, air traffic control system, surgery/operation equipment monitor, disaster/crime prevention system, etc.

The **Specific:** Applications as any failure, malfunction or error of the products might severe cause any damage to death, human bodily injury or other property (Products Safety Issue) and the safety of the public (Social Issues) and developed, designed and manufactured in accordance with the standards or quality assurance program designated by the customer who requires extremely high level reliability and quality.

Examples: Aerospace system (except seat entertainment monitor), nuclear control system, life support system, etc.

The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.



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1. OUTLINE

1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NLB150XG02L-01BA is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array, touch panel (T/P) and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a color-filter glass substrate.

Color (Red, Green, Blue) data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Color images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array of red, green and blue dots.

1.2 APPLICATION

• For industrial use

1.3 FEATURES

- Projected capacitive touch panel (PCAP T/P) attached
- T/P having cover glass
- Wide viewing angle
- LVDS interface
- Reversible-scan direction
- Selectable 8-bit or 6-bit digital signals for data of RGB
- Narrow border
- LED backlight built in LED driver
- Replaceable lamp holder for backlight
- Acquisition product for UL60950-1/CSA C22.2 No.60950-1-03 (File number: E170632)
- Compliance with the European RoHS directive (2011/65/EU) and Delegated Directive (2015/863/EU, Amending Annex II of 2011/65/EU)



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2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	304.128 (H) × 228.096 (V) mm
Diagonal size of display	38cm (15.0 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	16,194,277 colors (At 8-bit input, FRC terminal= Low)
Display color	262,144 colors (At 6-bit input, FRC terminal= High or Open)
Pixel	$1,024 \text{ (H)} \times 768 \text{ (V)} \text{ pixels}$
Pixel arrangement	BGR (Blue dot, Green dot, Red dot) vertical stripe
Dot pitch	$0.099 \text{ (H)} \times 0.297 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$
Pixel pitch	$0.297 \text{ (H)} \times 0.297 \text{ (V)} \text{ mm}$
Module size (Including T/P)	$326.5 \text{ (W)} \times 253.5 \text{ (H)} \times 13.4 \text{ (D)} \text{ mm (typ.)}$
Weight	1,210 g (typ.)
Contrast ratio	600:1 (typ.)
Viewing angle	 At the contrast ratio ≥10:1 Horizontal: Right side 80° (typ.), Left side 80° (typ.) Vertical: Up side 80° (typ.), Down side 80° (typ.)
Designed viewing direction	 Vertical: Op side so '(typ.), Bown side so '(typ.) At DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan Viewing direction without image reversal: Up side (12 o'clock) Viewing direction with contrast peak: Down side (6 o'clock) Viewing angle with optimum grayscale (γ≒2.2): Normal axis (perpendicular)
T/P type	Projected capacitive Recommended T/P controller board (Option) • T/P controller board: PTPW04/05
T/P surface	Bare glass
T/P pencil-hardness	6H (min.) [by JIS K5600]
T/P cover glass	Thickness: 0.7mm glass
T/P bonding method	Perimeter-bonding (with air gap)
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 60% (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
Response time	$Ton+Toff (10\% \longleftrightarrow 90\%)$ 8ms (typ.)
Luminance	At the maximum luminance control 350cd/m² (typ.)
Signal system	LVDS interface (1port)
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 3.3V LED driver: 12.0V
Backlight	LED backlight built in LED driver (Replaceable part • Lamp holder set: 150LHS204 At the maximum luminance control, Checkered flag pattern
Power consumption	Driving with the recommended T/P controller board, The number of touch= 10 7.6W (typ.)



USB/I²C

Note3

3. BLOCK DIAGRAM LCD module (Product) Host D0+ 100Ω D0-D1+ 100Ω H-driver with timing controller D1-H: $1,024 \times 3$ (R, G, B) V: 768D2+100Ω D2-D3+ 100Ω D3-CLK+ 100Ω CLK-**DPS FRC** 768 lines Power supply for gradation V-driver GND • Note1 Note2 Fuse DC/DC **VCC** converter Fuse VDD PWM • BRTC • LED driver LED Backlight **GND** LCD panel signal processing board FG

Note1: Relation between GND (Signal ground and LED driver ground) and FG (Frame ground) in the LCD module is as follows.

GND- FG Connected

Note2: GND and FG must to be connected to customer equipment's ground, and it is recommended that these grounds to be connected together in customer equipment.

Note3: Refer to the specifications of T/P controller board.

T/P controller board

T/P



4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size (Including T/P)	$326.5 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 253.5 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 13.4 \pm 0.6 \text{ (D)}$	Note1	mm
Display area	304.128 (H) × 228.096 (V)	Note1	mm
Weight	1,210 (typ.), 1,330 (max.)		g

Note1: See "8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Note1)

	Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks
Power supply	LCD panel signal	processing board	VCC	-0.3 to +3.96	V	
voltage	LED o	lriver	VDD	-0.3 to +15.0	V	
	Display Not		VD	-0.5 to +3.96	3.7	T. 250G
Input voltage for	Function Not		VF	-0.5 to +3.96	V	Ta= 25°C
signals	F	f LED dai	PWM	-0.3 to +5.5	V	
	Function signal	for LED driver	BRTC	-0.3 to +5.5	V	
;	Storage temperature		Tst	-30 to +80	°C	-
Omorotino	raman anaturna	Front surface	TopF	-20 to +70	°C	Note4
Operating	emperature	Rear surface	TopR	opR -20 to +70		Note5
	Relative humidity		RH	≤ 90	%	Ta ≤ 40°C
	Note6		КП	≤ 80	%	40°C < Ta ≤ 50°C
	Absolute humidity Note6		АН	≤ 66 Note7	g/m ³	Ta > 50°C

Note1: Regarding the driving of T/P, refer to the specifications of T/P controller board.

Note2: D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/-, CLK+/-

Note3: DPS, FRC

Note4: Measured at T/P surface (including self-heat)

Note5: Measured at LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note6: No condensation

Note7: Water amount at Ta= 50°C and RH= 80%



4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

(Ta= 25°C, Note1)

Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage		VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	-
Power supply current		ICC	-	400 Note2	780 Note3	mA	at VCC= 3.3V
Permissible ripple voltage		VRP	-	-	300	mVp-p	for VCC Note4, Note5, Note6
Differential input	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM= 1.25V
threshold voltage	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	Note7
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	-	Ω	-
Input voltage for DPS	High	VFH1	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	
signal	Low	VFL1	0	-	0.3VCC	V	
Input voltage for FRC	High	VFH2	0.7VCC	-	VCC	V	-
signal	Low	VFL2	0	-	0.3VCC	V	
Input current for DPS	High	IFH1	-	-	500	μΑ	
signal	Low	IFL1	-500	-	-	μΑ	
Input current for FRC	High	IFH2	-	-	500	μΑ	-
signal	Low	IFL2	-500	-	-	μΑ	

Note1: When designing of the power supply, take the measures for the prevention of surge voltage.

Note2: Checkered flag pattern [by IEC 61747-6]

Note3: Pattern for maximum current

Note4: This product works even if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values, but there might be noise on the display image.

Note5: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

Note6: The load variation influence does not include.

Note7: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver



4.3.2 LED driver

 $(Ta=25^{\circ}C, Note1)$

							(1a-25 C, 110tc1)
Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Power supply voltage	e	VDD	10.8	12.0	13.2	V	-
Power supply current	t	IDD	-	480	650 Note2	mA	at VDD = 12.0V Note3
Permissible ripple vo	ltage	VRPD	-	-	200	mVp-p	for VDD Note4, Note5, Note6
Input voltage for	High	VDFH1	1.3	-	5.5	V	
PŴM signal	Low	VDFL1	-	-	0.5	V	-
Input voltage for	High	VDFH2	1.3	-	5.5	V	
BRTC signal	Low	VDFL2	0	-	0.5	V	_
PWM frequency		f_{PWM}	200	-	20k	Hz	Note7, Note8
PWM duty ratio		DR_{PWM}	1	-	100	%	Note9, Note10
PWM pulse width		tPWH	5	-	-	μs	Notes, Note10

Note1: When designing of the power supply, take the measures for the prevention of surge voltage.

Note2: This value excludes peak current such as overshoot current.

Note3: At the maximum luminance control

Note4: This product works even if the ripple voltage levels are over the permissible values, but there might be noise on the display image.

Note5: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

Note6: The power supply lines (VDD and GND) may have ripple voltage during luminance control of LED. There is the possibility that the ripple voltage produces acoustic noise and signal wave noise in audio circuit and so on.

Note7: A recommended f_{PWM} value is as follows.

$$f_{PWM} = \frac{2n-1}{4} \times fv$$

(n = integer, fv = frame frequency of LCD module)

Note8: Depending on the frequency used, some noise may appear on the screen, please conduct a thorough evaluation.

Note9: While the BRTC signal is high, do not set the tPWH (PWM pulse width) is less than minimum value. It may cause abnormal working of the backlight. In this case, turn the backlight off and then on again by BRTC signal.

Note10:Regardless of the PWM frequency, both PWM duty ratio and PWM pulse width must be always more than the minimum values.

4.3.3 Fuse

Parameter		Fuse	Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
1 arameter	Type	Supplier	Rating	Tusing current	Kemarks
VCC	FCC16152AB	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	1.5A	3.0A	
VCC	TCC10132AB	Co., Ltd.	36V	3.0A	Note1
VDD	FCC16202AB	KAMAYA ELECTRIC	2.0A	4.0A	Note1
V DD	TCC10202AB	Co., Ltd.	36V	4.0A	

Note1: The power supply's rated current must be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.



4.4 TOUCH PANEL SPECIFICATIONS

(Ta= 25°C, Note1)

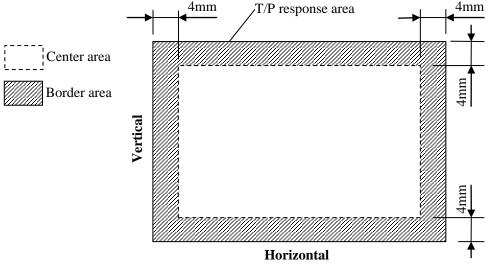
Paramete	er	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Асомиоси	Center	Acrc	-	-	1.5	****	Note2
Accuracy	Border	Acrb	-	-	2.5	mm	Note2
Number of touch		NUM	1	-	16	Point	-
Minimum distance	Horizontal	Tdist H		13.5		mm	Note3
for dual touch	Vertical	Tdist V		15.5	mm	Notes	
Saan anaad	Active	Sspd A	1	100	1	Hz	
Scan speed	Idle	Sspd I	1	30	1	пи	-
Resolution	Horizontal	ı	1	-	4,096	1	Note4
Resolution	Vertical	-	-	-	4,096	-	Note4
	Horizontal	1	-	306.124	-	mm	Note5
Response area	Vertical	-	-	230.092	-	mm	Notes

Note1: If a customer uses a recommended T/P controller board, specifications of the T/P controller board are given priority over the specifications in this table.

Note2: Definition of accuracy

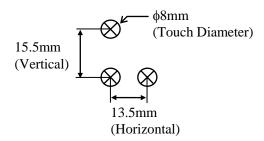
Accuracy shows a difference between an ideal position and an actual position.

Acre: Accuracy at center area Acrb: Accuracy at border area



Input method is ϕ 8mm conductive stylus.

Note3: Minimum distance for dual touch



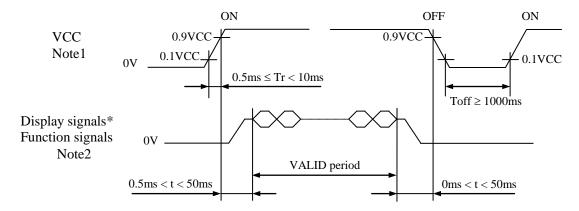
Note4: When using the recommended T/P controller board

Note5: The center point of the T/P response area and the center point of the display area are arranged at the same position.



4.5 POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE SEQUENCE

4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board



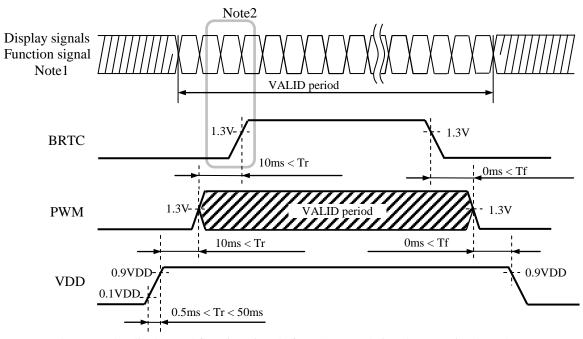
^{*} These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100Ω resistance.

Note1: If there is a voltage variation (voltage drop) at the rising edge of VCC below 3.0V, there is a possibility that a product does not work due to a protection circuit.

Note2: Display signals (D0+/-, D1+/-, D2+/-, D3+/- and CLK+/-) and function signals (DPS and FRC) must be set to Low or High-impedance, except the VALID period (See above sequence diagram), in order to avoid the circuitry damage.

If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. If a customer stops the display and function signals, VCC also must be shut down.

4.5.2 LED driver



Note1: These are the display and function signals for LCD panel signal processing board.

Note2: The backlight should be turned on within the VALID period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.



4.6 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

4.6.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side): 185083-20121 (P-TWO ELECTRIC TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.)
Adaptable plug: DF14-20S-1.25C (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. (HRS))

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Input data signal: 8-bit	Input data signal: 6-bit	Remarks		
1	VCC	Power supply	Power	cunnly	Note1		
2	VCC	Tower suppry					
3	GND	Ground	Gro	und	Note1		
4	DPS	Selection of scan direction					
5	D0-	Pixel data	DO D	5 (0)	Note2		
6	D0+	Pixei data	R0-R	Note3			
7	GND	Ground	Gro	und	Note1		
8	D1-	Pixel data	G1-G5,	D0 D1	Note3		
9	D1+	Fixel data	G1-G3,	, во-в і	Notes		
10	GND	Ground	Gro	und	Note1		
11	D2-	Pixel data	D2 D	5 DE	Note3		
12	D2+	Pixei data	D2-D	5, DE	Notes		
13	GND	Ground	Gro	und	Note1		
14	CLK-	D: 1.1.1	D: 1		N 2		
15	CLK+	Pixel clock	Pixel	clock	Note3		
16	GND	Ground	Gro	und	Note1		
17	D3- / GND	Pixel data	R6-R7	6 1	N . 2		
18	D3+ / GND	/ Ground	G6-G7 B6-B7	Ground	Note3		
19	N. C.	Non connection	Keep this	pin Open	-		
20	FRC	Selection of the number of colors					

Note1: All GND and VCC terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.

Note2: See "4.9 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

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4.6.2 LED driver

CN2 socket (LCD module side): MSB24038P5 (STM) Adaptable plug: P24038P5 (STM)

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	N. C.	Non connection	Keep this pin Open.
2	PWM	Luminance control	PWM Dimming
3	BRTC	Backlight ON/OFF control	High: ON / Low or Open: OFF
4	GND	Ground	-
5	VDD	Power supply	-

4.6.3 Touch panel

Connect CN301 and CN302 to the sockets of the T/P controller board.

CN301: FPC (40 pins)

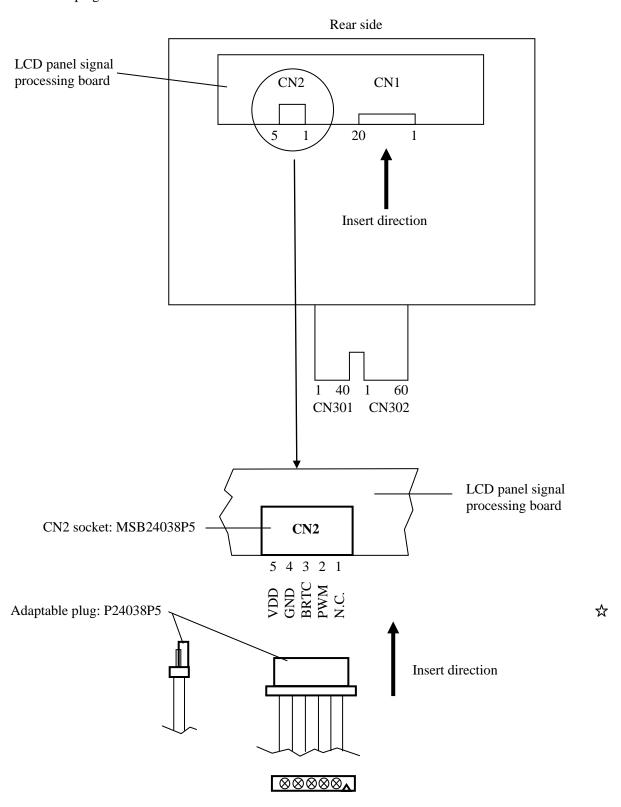
Adaptable socket: FH28-40S-0.5SH(05) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.(HRS))

CN302: FPC (60 pins)

Adaptable socket: FH28-60S-0.5SH(05) (Hirose Electric Co., Ltd.(HRS))



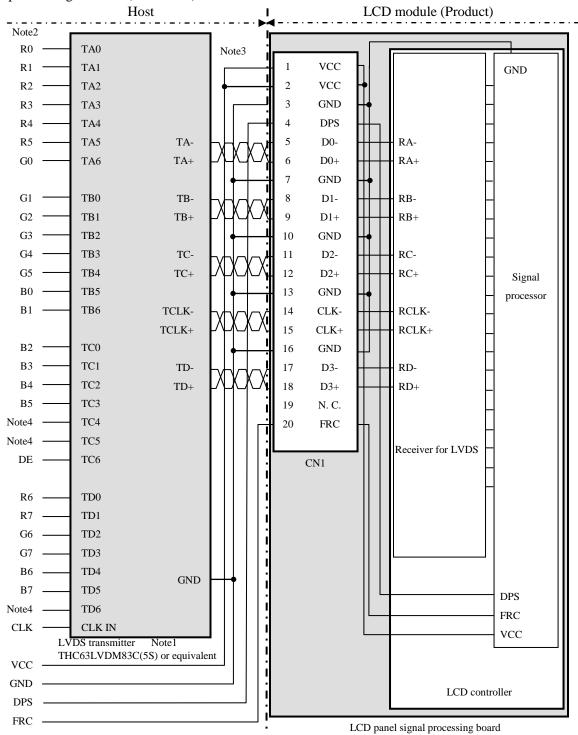
4.6.4 Positions of plug and socket





4.6.5 Connection between receiver and transmitter for LVDS

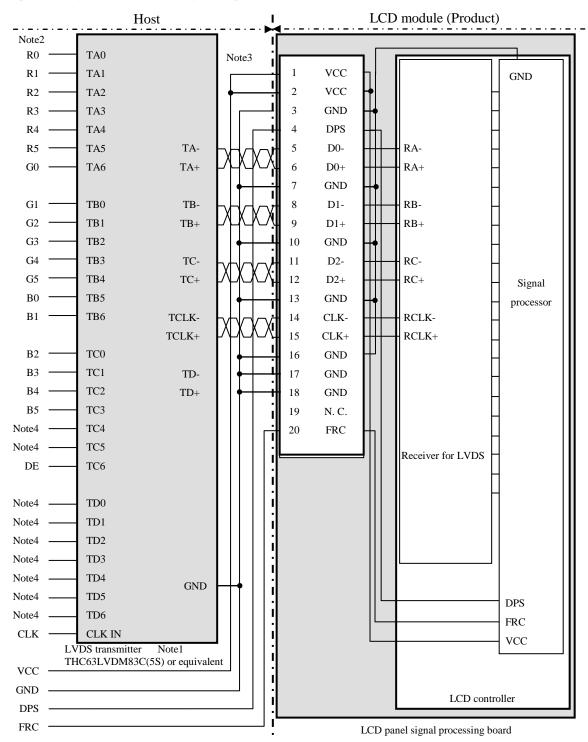
(1) Input data signal: 8-bit (FRC: Low)



- Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83C(5S) (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent.
- Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) R7, G7, B7
- Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep them open to avoid noise problem.



(2) Input data signal: 6-bit (FRC: High or Open)



Note1: Recommended transmitter: THC63LVDM83C(5S) (THine Electronics Inc.) or equivalent.

Note2: LSB (Least Significant Bit) - R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) - R5, G5, B5

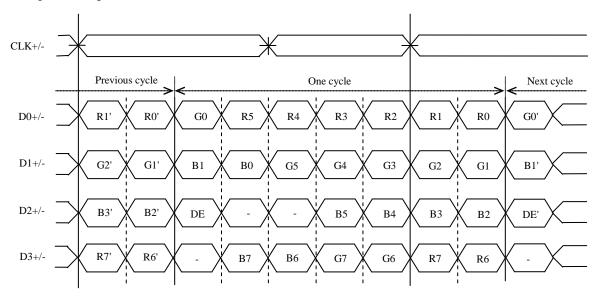
Note3: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note4: Input signals to TC4, TC5 and TD0-6 are not used inside the product, but do not keep them open to avoid noise problem.



4.6.6 Input data mapping

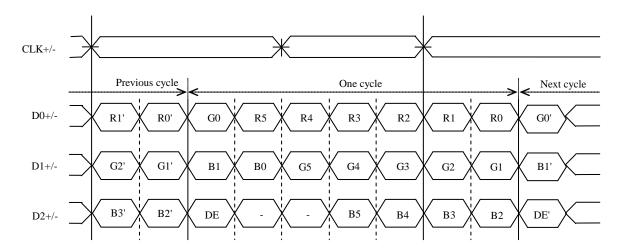
(1) Input data signal: 8-bit



Note1: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R7, G7, B7

Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

(2) Input data signal: 6-bit



Note1: LSB (Least Significant Bit) – R0, G0, B0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – R5, G5, B5

Note2: Twist pair wires with 100Ω (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.



4.7 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

4.7.1 Combinations of input data signals and FRC signal

This product can display equivalent of 16,194,277 colors and 262,144 colors by combination of input data signals and FRC signal. See the following table.

Combination	Input data signals	CN1- Pin No.17 and 18	FRC terminal	Display colors	Remarks
1	8-bit	D3+/-	Low	16,194,277	Note1
2	6-bit	GND	High or Open	262,144	Note2

Note1: See "**4.7.2 16,194,277 colors**". Note2: See "**4.7.3 262,144 colors**".



4.7.2 16,194,277 colors

This product can display equivalent of 16,194,277 colors with 253 gray scales by combination ①. (See "4.7.1 Combinations of input data signals and FRC signal".)

Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

(Note1)

Display	colors		Data signal (0: Low level, 1: High le																						
Dispiay	COIOIS	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2 I	₹1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	В7	B6	B5	B4	В3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X
sic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ba	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ay s	↑				:									:								:			
Red gray scale	\downarrow				:									:								:			
Reci	bright	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
, ,		1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scs	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale	↑													:								:			
su s	\downarrow				:									:								:			
ìrec	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
O	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
sca	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Blue gray scale dark → pulgith														:								:			
e g	\		0	0	:	:		_	0					:			0					:	0		
Blu	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0
	DI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	X	X

Note1: X means 0 or 1.



4.7.3 262,144 colors

This product can display 262,144 colors with 64 gray scales by combination ②. (See "4.7.1 Combinations of input data signals and FRC signal".)

Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as follows.

Display colors								a sign					ligh le						
Dispia	y colors	R 5	R 4	R3	R 2	R 1	R 0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B 5	B4	В3	B 2	B 1	B 0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ors	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
ısic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ba	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
o		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scal	dark	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Red gray scale	\uparrow			:	:						:						:		
l gr	\downarrow			:	:						:						:		
Rec	bright	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
SCS.	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Green gray scale	↑			:	:						:						:		
g ne	\downarrow			:	:						:						:		
Gree	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
le		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Blue gray scale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
	↑			:													:		
6 20	\downarrow			:	:						:				_		:		
Blu	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	T) I	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1



4.8 DISPLAY POSITIONS

D (1, B G	1) R					
D(1, 1)	D(2, 1)	• • •	D(X, 1)	• • •	D(1023, 1)	D(1024, 1)
D(1, 2)	D(2, 2)	• • •	D(X, 2)	• • •	D(1023, 2)	D(1024, 2)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	• • •
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
D(1, Y)	D(2, Y)	• • •	D(X, Y)	• • •	D(1023, Y)	D(1024, Y)
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• • •	•	• • •	•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•
D(1, 767)	D(2, 767)	• • •	D(X, 767)	• • •	D(1023, 767)	D(1024, 767)
D(1, 768)	D(2, 768)	• • •	D(X, 768)	• • •	D(1024, 768)	D(1024, 768)

Note1: See "4.9 SCANNING DIRECTIONS".

4.9 SCANNING DIRECTIONS

The following figures are seen from a front view.

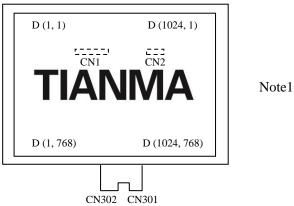


Figure 1. Normal scan (DPS: Low or Open)

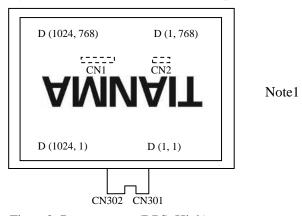


Figure 2. Reverse scan (DPS: High)

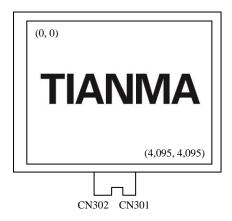
Note1: Meaning of D (X, Y)

D (X, Y): Input data signals for LCD panel signal processing board



4.10 TOUCH PANEL POSITIONS

The following figure is the coordinates of the T/P from the front view.



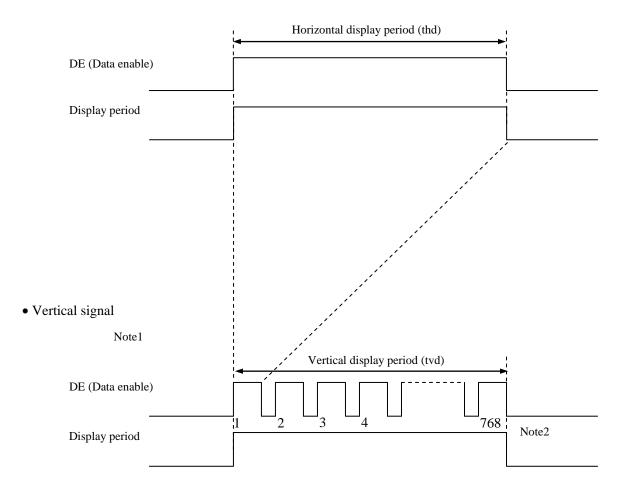


4.11 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

4.11.1 Outline of input signal timings

• Horizontal signal

Note1



Note1: This diagram indicates virtual signal for set up to timing.

Note2: See "4.11.3 Input signal timing chart" for the pulse number.



4.11.2 Timing characteristics

(Note1, Note2, Note3)

	Parameter			min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
	Fre	1/tc	52.0	65.0	71.0	MHz	15.385ns (typ.)		
CLK	Du	ty ratio	-				-		
	Rise tim	-		-		ns	-		
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-				ns		
DATA	CLK-DATA	Hold time	-		-		ns	-	
	Rise tim	ne, Fall time	-				ns	L	
	Horizontal	Cycle	th	16.542	20.676	26.88	μs	48.363kHz (typ.)	
		Сусіе	ui	1,114	1,344	1,400	CLK	48.303K112 (typ.)	
		Display period	thd	1024		CLK	-		
		Cycle	tv	13.34	16.666	20.0	ms	60.0Hz (tup.)	
DE	Vertical (One frame)	Cycle		780	806	845	Н	60.0Hz (typ.)	
	(one traine)	Display period	tvd	768			Н	-	
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-	-			ns		
	CLK-DE	Hold time	-				ns	-	
	Rise tim	ne, Fall time	-				ns		

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

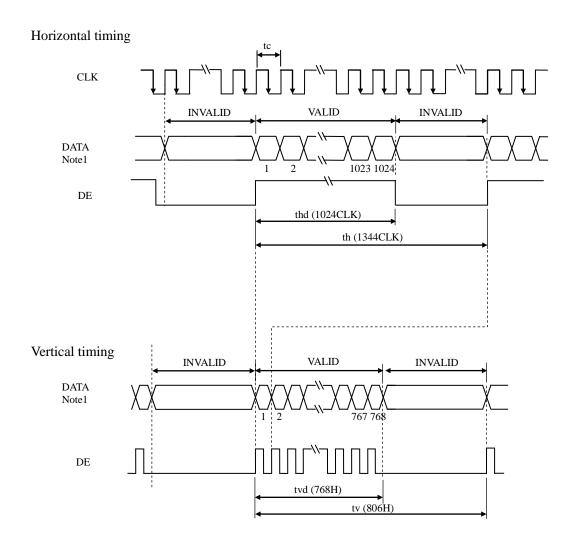
tc= 1CLK, th= 1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.

Note3: Vertical cycle (tv) should be specified in integral multiple of Horizontal cycle (th).



4.11.3 Input signal timing chart



Note1: DATA = R0-R7, G0-G7, B0-B7 or R0-R5, G0-G5, B0-B5



4.12 OPTICS

4.12.1 Optical characteristics

(Note1, Note2)

Parameter		Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks
Luminance		White at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	L	230	350	-	cd/m ²	BM-5A or equivalent	-
Contrast ra	ıtio	White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	CR	400	600	1	-	BM-5A or equivalent	Note3
Luminance uni	formity	White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta L = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta U = 0^{\circ}$, $\theta D = 0^{\circ}$	LU	ı	1.25	1.33	-	BM-5A or equivalent	Note4
	White	x coordinate	Wx	0.263	0.313	0.363	-		
	wnite	y coordinate	Wy	0.279	0.329	0.379	-		
	Red	x coordinate	Rx	-	0.615	-	-		
Charamaticity		y coordinate	Ry	-	0.337	-	-	SR-3 or equivalent	
Chromaticity	Green	x coordinate	Gx	-	0.334	-	-		Note5
		y coordinate	Gy	-	0.608	-	-		Notes
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	0.157	-	-		
	Blue	y coordinate	By	-	0.080	-	-		
Color gam	nut	θ R= 0°, θ L= 0°, θ U= 0°, θ D= 0° at center, against NTSC color space	C	55	60	ı	%		
Response ti	ima	White to Black	Ton	-	3	5	ms	BM-5A or	Note6
Kesponse ti	iiie	Black to White	Toff	-	5	8	ms	equivalent	Note7
	Right	θU= 0°, θD= 0°, CR≥ 10	θR	70	80	-	0		
Viewing on -1-	Left	θ U= 0°, θ D= 0°, CR \geq 10	θL	70	80	-	0	EZ	Notal
Viewing angle	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	θU	70	80	-	0	Contrast	Note8
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \theta L = 0^{\circ}, CR \ge 10$	θD	70	80	-	0		

Note1: These are initial characteristics.

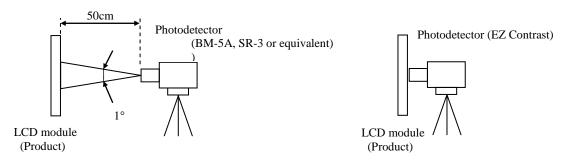
Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta= 25°C, VCC= 3.3V, VDD= 12.0V, PWM duty ratio: 100%,

Display mode: XGA, Horizontal cycle= 1/48.363kHz, Vertical cycle= 1/60.0Hz,

DPS= Low or Open: Normal scan, FRC=Low (8-bit mode)

Optical characteristics are measured at luminance saturation 20minutes after the product works in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.12.2 Definition of contrast ratio".

Note4: See "4.12.3 Definition of luminance uniformity".

Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram.

Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF= 29 °C

Note7: See "4.12.4 Definition of response times".

Note8: See "4.12.5 Definition of viewing angles".



4.12.2 Definition of contrast ratio

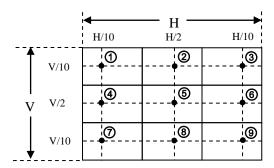
The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula.

4.12.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

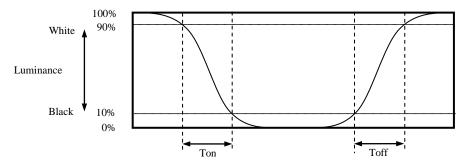
$$Luminance\ uniformity\ (LU) = \frac{Maximum\ luminance\ from\ \textcircled{1}\ to\ \textcircled{9}}{Minimum\ luminance\ from\ \textcircled{1}\ to\ \textcircled{9}}$$

The luminance is measured at near the 9 points shown below.

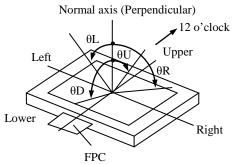


4.12.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured at the time when the luminance changes from "white" to "black", or "black" to "white" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time when the luminance changes from 90% down to 10%. Also Toff is the time when the luminance changes from 10% up to 90% (See the following diagram.).



4.12.5 Definition of viewing angles





5. ESTIMATED LUMINANCE LIFETIME

The luminance lifetime is the time from initial luminance to half-luminance.

This lifetime is the estimated value, and is not guarantee value.

	Estimated luminance lifetime (Life time expectancy) Note1, Note2, Note3	Unit	
LED elementary substance	25°C (Ambient temperature of the product) Continuous operation, PWM duty ratio: 100%	50,000	h

Note1: Life time expectancy is mean time to half-luminance.

Note2: Estimated luminance lifetime is not the value for LCD module but the value for LED elementary substance.

Note3: By ambient temperature, the lifetime changes particularly. Especially, in case the product works under high temperature environment, the lifetime becomes short.

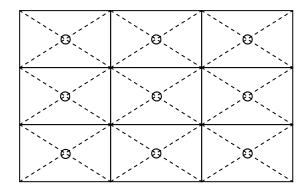


6. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test item	Condition	Judgment	Note1	
High temperature and humidity (Operation)	 50 ± 2°C, RH= 80%, 300hours Display data is black. 			
High temperature (Operation)	 ① 70 ± 3°C, 300hours ② Display data is black. 			
Thermal shock (Non operation)	 ① -20 ± 3°C30minutes 60 ± 3°C30minutes ② 100cycles, 1hour/cycle ③ Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes. 	No display malfunctions		
ESD (Operation)	Contact Discharge ① 150pF, 330Ω, ±8kV ② 9 places on a panel surface Note2 ③ 25 times each place at 1 sec interval Air Discharge ① 150pF, 330Ω, ±15kV ② 9 places on a panel surface Note2 ③ 25 times each place at 1 sec interval			
Vibration (Non operation)	 5 to 100Hz, 11.76m/s² 1 minute/cycle X, Y, Z directions 50 times each direction 	No display malfunctions		
Mechanical shock (Non operation)	 294m/s², 11ms ±X, ±Y, ±Z directions 3 times each direction 	No physical damages		

Note1: Display and appearance are checked under environmental conditions equivalent to the inspection conditions of defect criteria.

Note2: See the following figure for discharge points.





7. PRECAUTIONS

7.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. **Be sure to read "7.2 CAUTIONS" and "7.3 ATTENTIONS"!**



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured or the product will sustain damage if the customer practices wrong operations.



This sign has the meaning that a customer will be injured if the customer practices wrong operations.

7.2 CAUTIONS

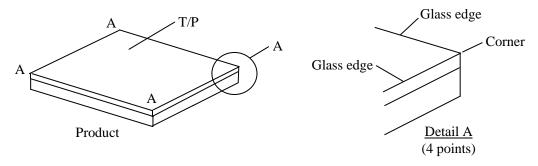


- * Be taken care when handling the T/P. There is a danger of injury, because the T/P has the glass edge and corner which are sharp.
- * Do not shock and press the LCD panel, T/P and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: Equal to or no greater than 294m/s² and equal to or no greater than 11ms, Pressure: Equal to or no greater than 19.6 N (\$\phi\$16mm jig))

7.3 ATTENTIONS /!

7.3.1 Handling of the product

① Use gloves or fingerstalls and do not touch glass edge of T/P when handling it, because it has sharp glass edge.



- ② Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- 3 Do not hook or pull FPC in order to avoid any damage.
- 4 When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- (5) When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ⑥ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.392 N·m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel. And the length of product mounting screws must be ≤ 4.5 mm.
- ① The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura and peeling off the T/P.



- On not hit or rub the surface of T/P with hard materials, because it is easily scratched.
- (9) When cleaning the T/P surface, wipe it with a soft dry cloth.
- 1 Do not push or pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- ① Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal by any chance, please wash it away with soap and water.
- When turning on the power of the T/P do not touch T/P surface with any conductive materials such as finger and so on. It may cause malfunction of the T/P.

7.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurred by temperature difference, the product packing box must be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the storage time sufficiently because dew condensation is affected by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with the original packing state after a customer receives the package)
- 3 Do not operate in high magnetic field. If not, circuit boards may be broken.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.

7.3.3 Characteristics

The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Characteristics of the LCD (such as response time, luminance, color uniformity and so on) may be changed depending on ambient temperature. If the product is stored under condition of low temperature for a long time, it may cause display mura. In this case, the product should be operated after enough time being left under condition of operating temperature.
- ② Display mura, flickering, vertical streams or tiny spots may be observed depending on display patterns.
- 3 Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- 4 The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- ⑤ Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.
- (6) T/P has polarizing characteristic. And the polarizing characteristics differ among products. Therefore, when seeing the displays through the other polarizing material (for example polarizing sunglasses), some displays can not be seen and some displays look different color darker because of polarizing characteristic mismatching between T/P and the other polarizing material.
- ① If the product is subjected to direct sunlight for a long time, T/P transmission may be degraded.



7.3.4 Others

- ① All GND, VCC and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ See "REPLACEMENT MANUAL FOR LAMP HOLDER SET", when replacing lamp holder set.
- ④ Pack the product with the original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to TMJ for repairing and so on.
- (5) The information of China RoHS (II) six hazardous substances or elements in this product is as follows.

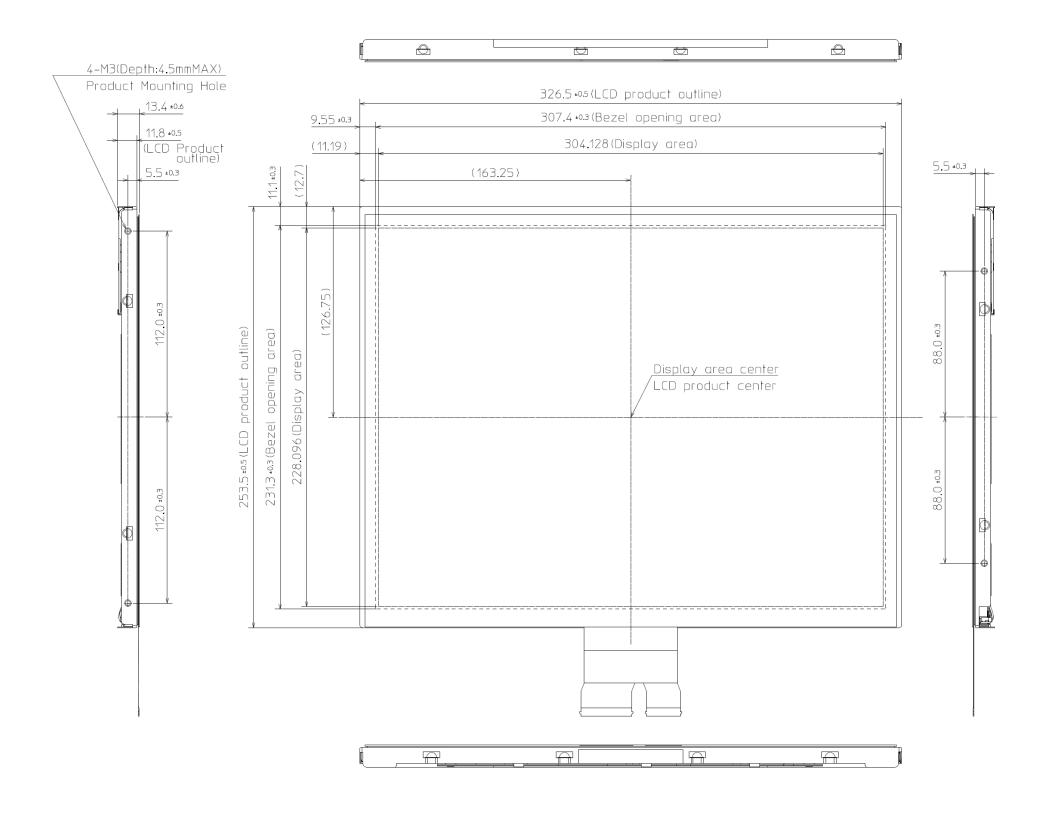
China RoHS (II) six hazardous substances or elements									
Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent Chromium (Cr VI)	Polybrominated Biphenys (PBB)	Polybrominated Biphenyl Ethers (PBDE)				
×	0	0	0	0	0				

- Note1: (): This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is equal or below the limitation level of GB/T26572-2011 standard regulation.
 - X: This indicates that the poisonous or harmful material in all the homogeneous materials for this part is above the limitation level of GB/T26572-2011 standard regulation.



8. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

8.1 FRONT VIEW



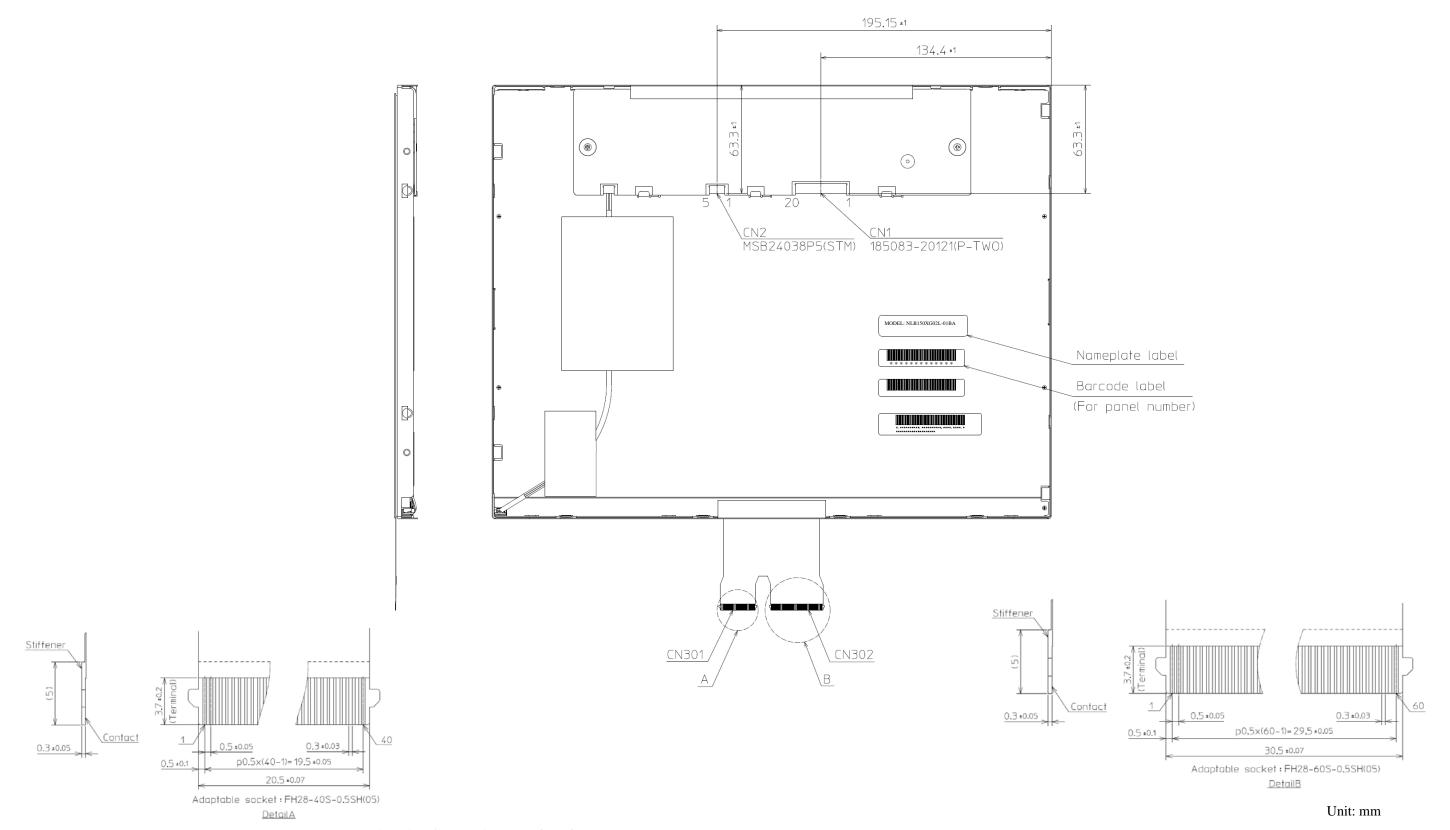
Unit: mm

Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

Note2: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed $0.392N \cdot m$. And the length of product mounting screws must be $\leq 4.5 \text{ mm}$.



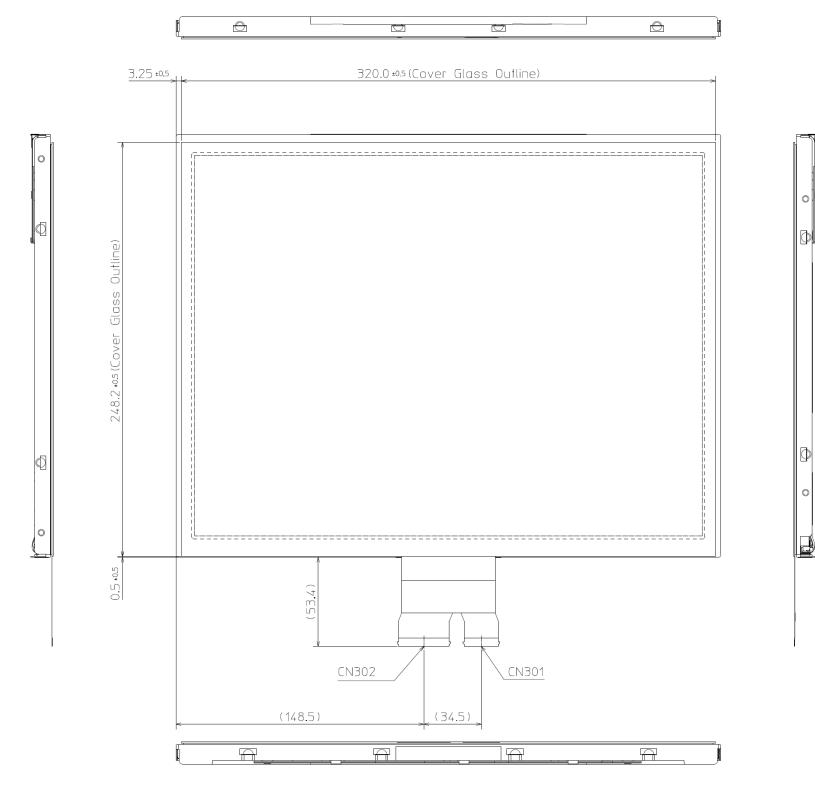
8.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.



8.3 TOUCH PANEL



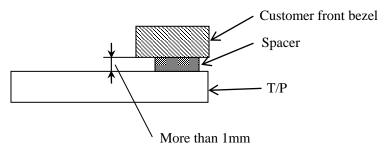
Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference.

INSTALL GUIDANCE

1. Bezel mounting

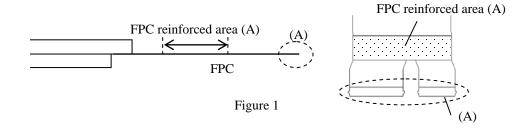
If a customer put a front bezel on the T/P, please take care the following items.

- Use a front bezel made from an insulative material such as plastic and so
- If a customer use a front bezel made from a conductive material, please always keep a distance more than 1mm between the front bezel and the T/P. Otherwise, the bezel will lower T/P sensitivity or cause unstable touch action.



2. FPC handling

- Do not fold the FPC. If the FPC is folded, disconnection of a wiring pattern may be caused. In case of bending FPC, the minimum radius of curvature must be 1.0mm or more.
- Do not bend the FPC at the reinforced area (A).



Bending direction

To avoid any mechanical damage to the base part of the FPC, please always bend the FPC at the outer side of the LCD module in the direction of the arrow in Figure 2.

· Allowable number of bending 30 times

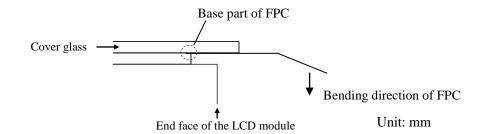


Figure 2